

Implementing a New EMR. How Should We Train the Staff?

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Background

- Transitioning from an existing EMR to a new system can be a daunting task for nurses. Effective user training is essential to alleviate nurses' stress and increase their knowledge of new EMR (Vehko, et al, 2019)
- Virtual live training (VLT) was provided by the EMR vendor.
 Feedback following the VLT revealed a need for additional training, and that training be tailored to the nurses' roles and responsibilities.
- Educational content that is pertinent to the clinical needs of the nursing staff is better understood and recalled than non-specific content (Lopez, Omizo & Whealin, 2018).
- Given this need, EMR Super Users developed an in-person training initiative to supplement the VLT.
 - P: Perioperative Nursing Staff
 - I: In-person Training
 - C: Virtual Live Training (VLT)
 - O: Improved confidence in Role Specific Charting
 - T: EMR Go Live Day

Methods

- This was a quality improvement project.
- Feedback surveys were conducted following both the VLT and inperson training to evaluate nurses' readiness to document patient care in the new EMR. The posttraining surveys each yielded 40 responses.
- Nurses' were asked about their level of confidence using the new EMR, and if content from each training session met their role specific needs





Results

 Of the 40 perioperative nurses surveyed following in-person training, 92.5% (n=37) felt more confident documenting patient care in the new EMR, versus 15% (n=6) following the VLT.



 Furthermore, 92.5% of nurses (n=37) reported that in-person training was more specific to their roles and responsibilities than the VLT.



Discussion

- The nursing staff felt more confident in their documentation after the supplemented in-person training.
- Using in-person, role specific training to support the VLT has shown to be an effective training strategy for transitioning to a new FMR.
- Future recommendations include providing nurses with in-person, role specific training to increase their learning and overall confidence in charting.
- Limitations of this study include a small sample size and an inconsistent population of nurses surveyed. Follow up studies should survey the same exact population of nurses post-VLT and in-person training.

References

Vehko, T., Hypponen, H., Heponiemi, T. et al (2019). Experienced time pressure and stress: electronic health records usability and information technology competence play a role. BMC Med Inform Decis Mak. 19.pp.160

Lopez, C., Omizo, R. and Whealin, J. (2018). Impact of a tailored training on advanced electronic medical records use for providers in a Veterans Health Administration Medical System. *JAMIA Open*, [online] 1(2), pp.142-146.